$$m * n = m/2 * 2n$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 8 * 12 \\ = \; & 4 * 24 \\ = \; & 2 * 48 \\ = \; & 1 * 96 \end{aligned}$$

.

```
m * n = m//2 * 2n
                  ...  w/ leftover

   9 *  12  ---> 12
= 4 *  24
= 2 *  48
= 1 *  96  ---> 96
= 0 * 192
```

Sequencing only matters when expressions have side effects.

Side effects only matters when expressions are in sequence.

Until today, every data value we have used in the course has been

**immutable**

Even when we created a local "variable", we assigned a value to it exactly once.

.

# imperative programming

.

**Defining a name**
and
**changing the value**
**of a named object**
are different activities.

They should be different operations
in the language.

In C++:

```
Foo a = new Foo();
```

versus:

```
Foo a;
a = new Foo();
```

.

set!

.

# `closure`

a **function**

plus

the **environment** that existed
when the function was created

.

state

name — value — location